- 4 them to the board of supervisors, and such board shall allow and pay-5 the same as other claims against the county.
- 1 SEC. 27. The provisions of this act shall be in full force and effect 2 only from the effective date hereof to and including December 31, 1943.
- 1 SEC. 28. This Act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall be
- 2 in full force and effect after its passage and publication in the Hamp-
- 3 ton Chronicle, a newspaper in Hampton, Iowa, and in the Sheffield 4 Press, a newspaper in Sheffield, Iowa.

Approved May 1, 1939.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Hampton Chronicle, May 4, 1939, and the Sheffield Press, May 4, 1939.

EARL G. MILLER, Secretary of State.

### CHAPTER 88

#### BANG'S DISEASE

### H. F. 52

AN ACT to amend section twenty-six hundred forty-four (2644), code, 1935, relating to the definition of infectious and contagious diseases of live stock, and providing for the inclusion of Bang's disease in this classification.

# Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section twenty-six hundred forty-four (2644), Code,
- 2 1935, is hereby amended by inserting after the comma (,) following
- 3 the word "tuberculosis" in line five (5) thereof, the following: "Bang's disease.".
- 1 SEC. 2. This act being deemed of immediate importance shall be
- 2 in full force and effect from and after its passage and publication as

3 provided by law.

Approved March 23, 1939.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in The Danbury Review, April 6, 1939, and the Little Rock Free Lance, March 30, 1939.

EARL G. MILLER, Secretary of State.\*

# CHAPTER 89

## REFRIGERATED LOCKER PLANTS

# H. F. 176

AN ACT to provide for the defining and licensing of refrigerated locker plants, and to provide a lien upon the food stored therein in favor of the lessor.

#### Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- 1 SECTION 1. Definitions. For the purpose of this chapter:
- 2 "Food" shall include any article used by man for food, drink, con-

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Published under authority of section 55, code 1935.

fectionery or condiment, or which enters into the composition of the same whether simple, blended, mixed or compounded.

"Refrigerated locker plant" shall mean a location in which space in individual lockers is rented to individuals for the storage of food and which is artificially cooled for the purpose of preserving such food.

9 "Sharp frozen" shall mean the freezing of food in a room in which 10 the temperature is zero or below.

"Department" shall mean the department of agriculture.

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- License. Every person engaged in the business of operating a refrigerated locker plant and who charges a fee for the service rendered shall obtain a license from the department for each establishment at which said business is operated and conducted. Application for such license or licenses shall be made upon forms furnished by the department and shall conform to the prescribed rules of the department.
- 1 SEC. 3. Examination of plant. Before issuing a license to operate a refrigerated locker plant, the department shall make an examination 3 of the proposed plant to determine if sanitary conditions and equipment which, in the judgment of the department, are necessary for the proper operation of such refrigerator plant, have been provided.
- SEC. 4. License fee. The license fee shall be \$10.00 per annum for 200 or less individual cold storage lockers with an additional \$2.00 per annum for every additional 100 individual food lockers or major 4 fraction thereof.
- 1 SEC. 5. Individuals or corporations licensed exclusively under the provisions of Chapter 134 of the Code, 1935 shall not be required 3 to pay the license fee provided herein.
  - SEC. 6. Storing of impure food. No article of food shall be stored in any refrigerated locker unless it is in a proper condition for storage and meets all the requirements of the pure food and food sanitation laws and such rules as may be established by the department for the sanitary preparation of food products which are to be stored.
- Revocation of license. Every refrigerated locker plant shall be maintained in a sanitary condition and conducted with strict regard to the influence of such conditions upon the food handled therein and any licensee under this chapter who fails to comply there-5 with shall suffer a revocation of his license.
- SEC. 8. Goods not intended for human consumption. Goods not intended for human consumption shall not be stored in a refrigerated locker except such items of animal or vegetable matter which may 4 have been inspected and approved by the United States government.
- 1 Food must be sharp frozen before storage. All food must be sharp frozen before it shall be placed in a refrigerated locker, and shall be kept at a temperature of 12° to 15° Fahrenheit during the 4 period it is kept therein.
- 1 Operators or owners not warehousemen. Persons who own or operate refrigerated locker plants shall not be construed to be

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- 3 warehousemen, nor shall receipts or other instruments issued by such 4 persons in the ordinary conduct of their business be construed to be 5 negotiable warehouse receipts.
- 1 'SEC. 11. Storage lien. Every lessor owning or operating a refrig-2 erated locker plant or plants shall have a lien upon all property of 3 every kind in its possession for all reasonable charges and rents 4 thereon and for the handling, keeping, and caring for the same.
- SEC. 12. Enforcement of lien. Said lien may be enforced by a suit in equity or in the same manner as a common carrier, and all provisions of chapter four hundred fifty-four (454) of the code shall govern such proceedings as far as applicable, except that notice shall be given to the owner or lessee in lieu of the persons specified in said chapter as entitled to notice.

Approved March 20, 1939.

# CHAPTER 90

## DAIRY INDUSTRY ACT

#### S. F. 186

AN ACT relating to the dairy industry, and to conserve and promote the prosperity and welfare of the Iowa dairy industry and of the state of Iowa by promoting the increased use and consumption of dairy products, whether processed or unprocessed, by providing for a research, educational, publicity advertising and sales promotion campaign; to levy and impose an excise tax on butterfat produced in this state and shipped during the period from May 1st to May 15th, inclusive, of each year, and to provide for the collection thereof for the purpose of creating a fund with which to conduct such research, educational, advertising publicity, and sales promotion campaign; to create the Iowa Dairy Industry Commission, and to vest the administration of this act in such commission; to provide for the particular duties and authority of said commission hereunder; and to provide penalties for violation of this act.

### Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SEC. 1. As used in this Act:
  - (a) The term "commission" shall mean the Iowa Dairy Industry Commission:
  - (b) The term "person" shall mean individuals, corporations, partnerships, trusts, associations, cooperatives, and any and all other business units.
  - (c) "Shipment" and "shipped" shall be deemed to have taken place when milk or cream has been delivered or consigned for transportation to any person, dealing in, processing, distributing or manufacturing dairy products for sale at wholesale or retail, for human consumption, industrial or medicinal uses;
  - (d) The term "handler" shall mean or indicate any person who purchases milk or cream for processing, manufacturing, sale or distribution whether as owner agent or otherwise:
- tribution, whether as owner, agent or otherwise;

  (e) The term "dealer" shall mean and include any person who handles, ships, buys or sells dairy products, or who acts as sales or purchasing agent, broker, or factor of dairy products;
- (f) The term "processor" or "processing plant" shall include every person and every place to whom or to which milk or cream is delivered,